

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier CR50

Other means of identification Not available. Recommended use Not available.

Recommended restrictions Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential

presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required

under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

CETCO, an MTI Company Company name **Address** 2870 Forbs Avenue

Hoffman Estates, IL 60192

United States

Telephone General Information 800 527-9948

Website http://www.cetco.com/LT/ E-mail safetydata@amcol.com

Emergency phone number

Americas 1.866.519.4752 (US, Canada, Mexico) 1 760 476 3962

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified. **Health hazards** Not classified. Not classified. **Environmental hazards OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

None. **Hazard symbol** None. Signal word

Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response Wash hands after handling.

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexanedioic acid		124-04-9	< 0.2
UREA		57-13-6	< 0.1
Other components below reportable le	vels		90 - 100

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Composition comments Bentonite contains naturally occurring crystalline silica (not listed in Annex I of Directive

67/548/EEC) in quantities less than 6%.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If dust from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. Call a

physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Eye contact

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

None known.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

media

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Material can be slippery when wet.

Fire-fighting

equipment/instructions

In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

Specific methods Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazardsNo unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Material can be slippery when wet. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Practice good housekeeping.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Guard against dust accumulation of this material.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contain Additional components	Туре	Value	Form
INERT OR NUISANCE DUSTS (CAS SEQ250)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Additional components	Type	Value	Form
INERT OR NUISANCE DUSTS (CAS SEQ250)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

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US. AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Form Components Value Type UREA (CAS 57-13-6) **TWA** 10 mg/m3 Total particulate.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use tight fitting goggles if dust is generated. Eye/face protection

For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. Hand protection

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels

exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Solid. **Physical state Form** Powder. Color Not available. Odor Not available. Not available. Odor threshold Not available. pН Melting point/freezing point Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available. Vapor pressure 0 hPa estimated Not available Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. **Partition coefficient**

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not available. Viscosity

Other information

0.76 g/cm3 estimated Density Specific gravity 0.76 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability**

Material name: CB50 SDS US Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Strong oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Not available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact Not available.

Eye contact Dust in the eyes will cause irritation.

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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	lest Results	
Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124	4-04-9)		
Acute			
Inhalation			
NOEL	Rat	0.126 mg/l, 6 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	
	Rabbit	> 11000 mg/kg	
	Rat	> 11000 mg/kg	
Other			
LD50	Mouse	680 mg/kg	
UREA (CAS 57-13-6)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	8471 mg/kg	
	Sheep	28500 mg/kg	
Other			
LD50	Mouse	4600 mg/kg	
	Rat	5300 mg/kg	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Dust in the eyes will cause irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded

that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art,

Toet Results

worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable

crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

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Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results		
Hexanedioic acid (CAS	Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9)				
Aquatic					
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	97 mg/l, 96 hours		
UREA (CAS 57-13-6)					
Fish	LC50	Fish	3810.0001 mg/L, 96 Hours		
Aquatic					
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3910 mg/l, 48 hours		
Fish	LC50	Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica)	22.5 mg/l, 96 hours		

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Hexanedioic acid 0.08 UREA -2.11

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9) LISTED

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

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Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely

hazardous substance

No

Nο

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Listed substance

Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Rhode Island RTK

Hexanedioic acid (CAS 124-04-9)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 0

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Disclaimer

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The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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