

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>CETGUARD METAL PRIMER</b>		
<b>Other means of identification</b>	None.		
<b>Recommended use</b>	Not available.		
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.		
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>			
<b>Manufacturer</b>			
<b>Company name</b>	CETCO, an MTI Company		
<b>Address</b>	2870 Forbs Avenue Hoffman Estates, IL 60192 United States		
<b>Telephone</b>	General Information	800 527-9948	
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.cetco.com/">http://www.cetco.com/</a>		
<b>E-mail</b>	<a href="mailto:safetydata@mineralstech.com">safetydata@mineralstech.com</a>		
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	Emergency	1.866.519.4752/1 760 476 3962	
<b>Americas</b>	1.866.519.4752 (US, Canada, Mexico) 1 760 476 3962		

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
<b>Health hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
<b>Response</b>	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	22.5% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 43.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 43.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 43.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		108-65-6	20 - < 25

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethylacetate		141-78-6	10 - < 20
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		13463-67-7	2.5 - < 10
Other components below reportable levels			50 - < 60

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	400 ppm 15 mg/m3	Total dust.

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1400 mg/m3 400 ppm

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm

**Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Exposure guidelines****US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls** Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other** Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations** When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** Liquid.

**Form** Liquid.

**Color** Not available.

**Odor** Fruity.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 170.6 °F (77 °C) Ethylacetat estimated

**Flash point** 41.0 °F (5.0 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** 2.1 % Ethylacetat

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** 11.5 % Ethylacetat

**Vapor pressure** 4.9 hPa estimated

**Vapor density** Not available.

**Relative density** Not available.

### Solubility(ies)

**Solubility (water)** Not available.

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** not self igniting

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.

**Viscosity** 2000 mPa·s

### Other information

**Density** 1.88 g/cm<sup>3</sup> estimated

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

**Flammability class** Flammable IB estimated

**Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

**Percent volatile** 15 % estimated

**Specific gravity** 1.88 estimated

VOC 36.4 %

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Not known.

Components	Species	Test Results
Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5620 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	10000.0001 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia 717 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish 230 mg/L, 96 Hours
		Indian catfish (Heteropneustes fossilis) 200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylacetate 0.73

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

**UN number** UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** PAINT

**Transport hazard class(es)**

**Class** 3

**Subsidiary risk** -

**Packing group** III

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IATA

**UN number** UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** PAINT

**Transport hazard class(es)**

**Class** 3

**Subsidiary risk** -

**Packing group** III

**Environmental hazards** No.

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IMDG

**UN number** UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** PAINT

**Transport hazard class(es)**

**Class** 3

**Subsidiary risk** -

**Packing group** III

**Environmental hazards**

**Marine pollutant** No.

**EmS** Not available.

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

**DOT**



**IATA; IMDG**



**15. Regulatory information**

**US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6) Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)**

Not regulated.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Not regulated.

**Other federal regulations**

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

# FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethylacetate (CAS 141-78-6)

Low priority

## US state regulations

### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to TITANIUM DIOXIDE, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

Listed: September 2, 2011

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 01-February-2018

**Version #** 01

**HMIS® ratings**  
Health: 0  
Flammability: 3  
Physical hazard: 0

**NFPA ratings**  
Health: 0  
Flammability: 3  
Instability: 1

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The manufacturer expressly does not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness nor assumes any liability, for its use. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for each particular use. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. CETCO, an MTI Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.