

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier	BENTOMAT® FLW9	
Other means of identification	None.	
Recommended use	Not available.	
Recommended restrictions	presence of respirable dust	ers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. roper use and handling of this material should be provided as required s.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name	CETCO, an MTI Company	
Address	2870 Forbs Avenue	
	Hoffman Estates, IL 60192 United States	
Telephone	General Information	800 527-9948
Website	http://www.cetco.com/LT/	
E-mail	safetydata@mineralstech.c	om
Emergency phone number	1.866.519.4752 (US, CA,	1 760 476 3962

1.866.519.4752 (US, Canada, Mexico) 1 760 476 3962

<b>phone number</b> 1.866.519.4752 (US, CA, 1 760 476 3962 MX)	
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#### Americas

Label elements

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	6.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 6.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 6.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 6.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
QUARTZ (SIO2)		14808-60-7	5 - < 10
CRISTOBALITE		14464-46-1	1 - < 3
Other components below report	able levels		90 - 100
*Designates that a specific chemic	al identity and/or percentage of composition ha	s been withheld as a trade se	ecret.
Composition comments	Occupational Exposure Limits for constituents naturally occurring crystalline silica (not listed than 6%.		
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced, remove source physician if symptoms develop or persist.	of contamination or move vic	tim to fresh air. Call a
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical at	ttention if irritation develops a	nd persists.
Eye contact	Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of	f water.	
ngestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if sympton	ms occur.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effec	ts.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treasymptoms may be delayed.	at symptomatically. Keep vict	m under observation.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice (show the label where possible).	attention. If you feel unwell,	seek medical advice
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foa	am. Use any media suitable fo	or the surrounding fires
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be	e formed.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing a (approved or equivalent) and full protective get		MSHA/NIOSH
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers		
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and con-	sider the hazards of other inv	olved materials.
General fire hazards	Not a fire hazard. No unusual fire or explosion	n hazards noted.	
6. Accidental release meas	sures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep per appropriate protective equipment and clothing generated above exposure limits. Ensure ade if significant spillages cannot be contained. For	g during clean-up. Wear a due quate ventilation. Local autho	st mask if dust is prities should be advise
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up particulates using a vacuum cleaner with a HI risk. Following product recovery, flush area w containers. For waste disposal, see section 1 and prevent scattering by moistening with wat	EPA filter. Stop the flow of ma ith water. Put material in suita 3 of the SDS. None necessar	terial, if this is without ble, covered, labeled
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or	onto the ground.	
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not and understood. Keep formation of airborne of ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be l insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respirato equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after han	lusts to a minimum. Provide a not breathe dust. Avoid prolo handled in closed systems, if ny equipment. Wear appropri	ppropriate exhaust onged exposure. Wher possible. In case of ate personal protective

Store locked up. No special restrictions on storage with other products. Store in original tightly closed container. No special storage conditions required. Guard against dust accumulation of this material. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Туре	Value	Form
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 0	-		_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable.
		1.2 mppcf	Respirable.
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
Constituents	Туре	Value	Form
TRADE SECRET	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Lin Components	nit Values Type	Value	Form
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).	
osure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.		
propriate engineering trols	If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below to OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.		
vidual protection measure	es, such as personal protective equip	ment	
Eye/face protection	Wear dust goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistan	t gloves.	

Respiratory protection	Use a particulate filter respirator for particulate concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Eye wash fountain is recommended. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	The product consists of bentonite granules between geotextile layers
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid. Mat or Fabric
Color	Various.
Odor	None.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not flammable
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not explosive
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not explosive
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	0.00001 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	0 % estimated
VOC	CARB
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. None known.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not known.	
Components	Species	Test Results
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1	)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may	y cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Mild irritant to eyes (accord	ing to the modified Kay & Calandra criteria)
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	ı	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer	
Skin sensitization	According to the classificat being a skin irritant.	ion criteria of the European Union, the product is not considered as
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicat mutagenic or genotoxic.	e product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	inhaled from occupational s overall evaluation, IARC no circumstances studied. Car crystalline silica or on exter polymorphs." (IARC Mono humans, Silica, silicates du 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scie main effect in humans of th sufficient information to cor silicosis (and, apparently, n in the ceramic industry). Th risk" (SCOEL SUM Doc 9 protection against silicosis occupational exposure limit respirable crystalline silica	ional Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the the that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial reinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the nal factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its graphs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to ist and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June entific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the e inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is neclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and herefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer 44-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory ts. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and should be monitored and controlled.
IARC Monographs. Overall	-	-
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) 1 Carcinogenic to humans. QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14		Cancer
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer		
	• • • •	•
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14		Known To Be Human Carcinogen. Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity		d to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

**Chronic effects** 

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Not an aspiration hazard.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Some of the components of this product are hazardous in the respirable form. However, because of the physical nature of this product, dust generation is not expected.

### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. This product is not expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Material should be recycled if possible.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according toNot applicable.Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 andthe IBC Code

### 15. Regulatory information

OSHA Process Safety Standard: This material is not known to be hazardous by the OSHA Highly **US** federal regulations Hazardous Process Safety Standard, 29 CFR 1910.119. This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	Cancer
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	lung effects
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	lung effects
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	immune system effects
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	immune system effects
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	kidney effects
CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)	kidney effects
QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	kidney effects

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

No (Exempt) SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDW	A)	
Food	and	Drug

Total food additive Indirect food additive Administration (FDA) GRAS food additive

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### **California Proposition 65**



US state regulations

WARNING: This product can expose you to QUARTZ (SIO2), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988 US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	09-July-2018
Revision date	09-July-2018
Version #	24
Further information	This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0
Disclaimer	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The manufacturer expressly does not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness nor assumes any liability, for its use. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for each particular use. Third party materials: Insofar as materials not manufactured or supplied by this manufacturer are used in conjunction with, or instead of this product, it is the responsibility of the customer to obtain, from the manufacturer or supplier, all technical data and other properties relating to these and other materials and to obtain all necessary information relating to them. No liability can be accepted in respect of the use of this product in conjunction with materials from another supplier. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. CETCO, an MTI Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.